
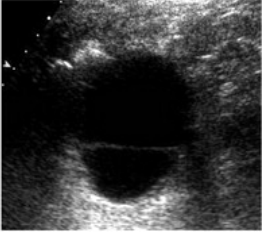



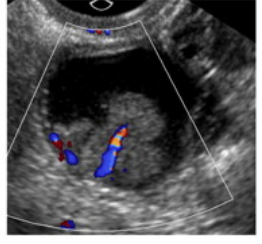


Cysts with indeterminate, but probably benign, characteristics		Follow-up*	Comments
Findings suggestive of, but not classic for, hemorrhagic cyst, endometrioma or dermoid		Reproductive age: 6-12 week follow-up to ensure resolution. If the lesion is unchanged, then hemorrhagic cyst is unlikely, and continued follow-up with either ultrasound or MRI should then be considered. If these studies do not confirm an endometrioma or dermoid, then surgical evaluation should be considered. Postmenopausal: Consider surgical evaluation	
Thin-walled cyst with single thin septation or focal calcification in the wall of a cyst		Follow-up based on size and menopausal status, same as simple cyst described above	
Multiple thin septations (< 3 mm)		Consider surgical evaluation	Multiple septations suggest a neoplasm, but if thin, the neoplasm is likely benign
Nodule (non-hyperechoic) without flow		Consider surgical evaluation or MRI	Solid nodule suggests neoplasm, but if no flow (and not echogenic as would be seen in a dermoid) this is likely a benign lesion such as a cystadenofibroma
Cysts with characteristics worrisome for malignancy		Follow-up*	Comments
Thick (> 3 mm) irregular septations		Any age: Consider surgical evaluation	
Nodule with blood flow		Any age: Consider surgical evaluation	